

TOOLKIT: RESPONSIBLE CASH

Why and how to engage with central banks & other regulators



Why is it important to engage with central banks and other regulators?

Central banks and other regulators play a key role in cash transfers, ensuring the integrity of payment systems:

- They **regulate financial service providers** (e.g. banks, mobile money operators and fintechs), and can therefore influence and improve the experience of people receiving cash transfers.
- They decide what ID you need to open an account (called setting Know-Your-Customer or 'KYC'). They ensure banks/mobile money companies keep customers safe and what information they must regularly share.
- Regulators also set rules for currency exchange, ensure cash availability or manage shortages, and set
 other financial rules, like limits to transaction values and service fees, impacting organizations operations.
- They can also **play a key role in promoting** <u>digital and financial inclusion</u>, such as through setting National Financial Inclusion strategies and promoting investment in digital public infrastructure.

Remember: **Building relationships early** (at the highest institutional level possible!) and **joint advocacy** with other organizations can help in negotiations! **Here are things you can advocate for as organization:**

Advocate for strengthening <u>financial service</u> <u>providers'</u> customer service/ protection

- Encourage the private sector to consider the people we assist as valued clients
 - Share these arguments to build a <u>business case</u> why it is worthwhile investing in the hardest-to-reach and advocate for inclusive and accessible financial products and services (you may also consider this resource from <u>Women's World Banking</u>).
- ☐ Foster a digital and innovative ecosystem that considers people' needs
 - Advocate for <u>interoperability of the payment</u> <u>system</u> so that people have choice in how to receive/spend money
 - Advocate for higher transfer amounts and adequate fee schedules
 - Ensure that the processes and requirements for becoming a financial service provider agent (i.e. the licensing framework) don't exclude people with less opportunities, incl. women and refugees.
- Make the case for enhanced Customer Protection to safeguard people against fraud and abuse, incl. sexual exploitation & abuse
 - Do this through mandatory <u>Customer</u>
 <u>Protection</u> for financial institutions (incl. mandatory <u>training</u>, <u>disciplinary measures</u> in cases of misconduct, specific <u>focal points</u>)
 - Ensure financial service providers have a <u>Code of Conduct</u> in place that all its staff and third-party contractors adhere to
 - Advocate for regular reporting on <u>customer</u> <u>complaints and feedback and ensure safe</u> <u>referrals</u>. Promote the collection of supervisory data to <u>assess their performance</u>.
- Advocate for <u>sex-disaggregated data and use</u> of new technology for tiered KYC

Advocate to remove barriers <u>people</u> face to access financial products

- ☐ Engage central banks to remove barriers to access (digital) financial services
 - Advocate for identification for all & where not possible, tiered KYC requirements
 - Share the voice of the people we assist & check <u>case studies</u> on how different countries have introduced identification requirements, enabling financial inclusion.
- Advocate for inclusive digital and financial literacy policies that reach the most disadvantaged, including women
 - Check the repository with <u>resources on</u> digital and financial literacy trainings
 - Advocate with regulators to invest in the financial inclusion of women, persons with disabilities, Indigenous Peoples etc. as valued clients of financial institutions
 - Advocate for joint education campaigns (also involving financial service providers!)
 - Check the <u>Better Than Cash Alliance</u> <u>section for governments</u> & <u>AFI's digital</u> <u>financial literacy toolkit</u> to learn more about what central banks could do with respect to digital financial literacy.
- ☐ Influence the central bank's strategy, mandate, and policies so people are well informed on their rights and that they leave no-one behind
 - Jointly engage with communities to inform people about their rights and how to report issues.
 - Check AFI's National Financial Inclusion Strategies (NFIS): current state of practice for an overview of what central banks could do with respect to NFIS.